

Supplementary Table 1. Baseline characteristics of study subjects and comparisons by functional outcome at discharge

Variables	Good outcome N = 1,656	Poor outcome N = 1,401	P
Age	64.8 ± 12.4	70.2 ± 12.0	<0.001
Male	1,061 (64.1%)	740 (52.8%)	<0.001
Hypertension	1,084 (65.5%)	931 (66.5%)	0.564
Diabetes	444 (26.8%)	468 (33.4%)	<0.001
Dyslipidemia	368 (22.2%)	288 (43.9%)	0.264
high risk cardioembolism	284 (17.1%)	389 (27.8%)	<0.001
Smoking	684 (41.3%)	502 (35.8%)	0.002
History of stroke	297 (17.9%)	358 (25.6%)	<0.001
Initial NIHSS, median (IQR)	3 (1-6)	6 (2-14)	<0.001
Stroke subtype			<0.001
SVD	463 (70.7%)	192 (29.3%)	
LAD	531 (49.1%)	551 (50.9%)	
CE	320 (42.2%)	438 (57.8%)	
Thrombolysis	188 (11.4%)	273 (19.5%)	<0.001
IA	31 (1.9%)	95 (6.8%)	<0.001
IV+IA	22 (1.3%)	52 (3.7%)	<0.001
SBP, initial	149.3 ± 27.1	149.3 ± 28.2	0.945
DBP, initial	86.4 ± 14.6	86.5 ± 16.1	0.761

Values are presented as numbers (percentage) except for special comment variables. Functional outcome at discharge was adjudicated as good (mRS 0-2) and poor (mRS 3 or more). Abbreviations are expressed as IQR is interquartile range; CE for cardioembolism; NIHSS for National Institute of Health Stroke Scale; IA for intraarterial thrombolysis; and IA+IV for intraarterial and intravenous thrombolysis.