

Supplementary Table 15. Net clinical benefit of the combination of death and extracranial major

Type of diagnosis	All-cause death					Extracranial major bleeding				
	Not receiving OACs		Receiving all exposure to OACs		Difference in rate of death (off-on)	Not receiving OACs		Receiving all exposure to OACs		Difference in rate of ICH (on-off)
	PY	Annual rate per 100 PY	PY	Annual rate per 100 PY		PY	Annual rate per 100 PY	PY	Annual rate per 100 PY	
Total cohort	332.8	40.6	239.6	16.3	24.3	328.9	2.7	231.2	5.2	2.5
Non-traumatic diagnosis	195.2	41.0	113.3	17.7	23.3	192.4	3.1	110.5	4.5	1.4
Traumatic diagnosis	137.6	40.0	126.3	15.0	25.0	136.5	2.2	120.7	5.8	3.6
Annual net clinical benefit	Weight=1.5				Weight=1.0	Weight=2.0				
Total cohort	21.0 (20.6–21.3)				22.2 (21.8–22.5)	19.8 (19.4–20.1)				
Non-traumatic diagnosis	21.4 (20.9–21.8)				22.1 (21.7–22.5)	20.6 (20.1–21.1)				
Traumatic diagnosis	19.8 (19.3–20.3)				21.6 (21.1–22.0)	18.1 (17.5–18.6)				

Values are presented as annual net clinical benefit (95% confidence interval). OAC, oral anticoagulant; ICH, intracranial hemorrhage; PY, person-year.