



Supplementary Figure 2. Choice Consequence Matrix type visual decision aid depicting the benefits and risks of endovascular thrombectomy (EVT) in late-presenting, imaging-selected patients selected in the DAWN (Clinical Mismatch in the Triage of Wake Up and Late Presenting Strokes Undergoing Neurointervention With Trevo) trial (A) and the DEFUSE 3 (Endovascular Therapy Following Imaging Evaluation for Ischemic Stroke 3) trial (B). Colors indicate changes in 3-month level of global disability that occur as a result of EVT, considering 6 levels of the modified Rankin Scale (mRS). Dark green, attainment of functional independence (mRS 0–2) as a result of thrombectomy; light green, improved disability outcome (other than functional independence) as a result of thrombectomy; dark red, severely disabled, or dead outcome (mRS 5–6) as a result of thrombectomy; light red, worse disability outcome (other than severely disabled/dead) as a result of thrombectomy; closed dash, symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage as a result of thrombectomy; and open dash, new territory infarct as a result of thrombectomy (only reported for DAWN trial). Figure freely available under a Creative Commons 4.0, use freely with attribution license. AIS, acute ischemic stroke.